There are 26 different species of crocodilian in the world, the largest of these is the Saltwater Crocodile.

This text will cover important facts and feature of the Saltwater Orocodile including Habitat, Diet, Strength, Sze, Age and Reproduction.

The saltwater crocodile can adapt to a great variety of landscapes. These can include rivers, wetlands, open ocean, and freshwater creeks.

The areas of our Earth that it inhabits are Eastern India, Southeast Asia and Northern Australia. 2.

The Saltwater Crocodile is an ambush predator and is carnivorous. It has a very special technique to hunting, always aiming to attack the head of prey.

The largest Saltwater Crocodile ever recorded in the world was 6.1 meters in length. Commonly they can reach a maximum length of 5 meters.

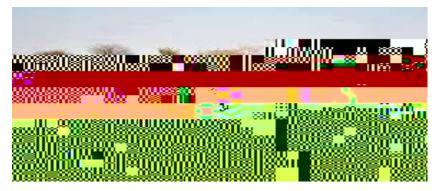


Fig. Photo taken near Niger Rivers showing largest recorded croc.

In the wild, the Crocodile can live (on average) up to 70 years of age, however some captive crocs have aged to 100.

Saltwater crocodiles are reptiles and as such lay eggs to reproduce. The crocodile eggs are nested on the banks of their habitat. The temperature of the nest will determine the sex of the hatchlings. 30 degrees will result in all females, anything above this will turn all hatchlings male.

When it is time to hatch, the young will make a squeaking noise and the mother will come and dig the nest up. Then the mother will carry the baby crocodiles to the water where she will protect them until they are old enough to leave her protection.